



US009474314B2

(12) **United States Patent**
Khorsandi et al.

(10) **Patent No.:** **US 9,474,314 B2**
(45) **Date of Patent:** ***Oct. 25, 2016**

(54) **STABILIZING BELT**

(71) Applicants: **Jack Khorsandi**, Los Angeles, CA
(US); **Mario Horvath**, Palm Desert,
CA (US)

(72) Inventors: **Jack Khorsandi**, Los Angeles, CA
(US); **Mario Horvath**, Palm Desert,
CA (US)

(73) Assignee: **GRIP-N-RIDE, LLC**, Los Angeles, CA
(US)

(*) Notice: Subject to any disclaimer, the term of this
patent is extended or adjusted under 35
U.S.C. 154(b) by 0 days.

This patent is subject to a terminal dis-
claimer.

(21) Appl. No.: **14/144,401**

(22) Filed: **Dec. 30, 2013**

(65) **Prior Publication Data**

US 2014/0109296 A1 Apr. 24, 2014

Related U.S. Application Data

(63) Continuation-in-part of application No. 13/540,502,
filed on Jul. 2, 2012, now Pat. No. 8,617,092, which
is a continuation of application No. 12/854,823, filed
on Aug. 11, 2010, now Pat. No. 8,211,043, which is
a continuation-in-part of application No. 12/769,518,
filed on Apr. 28, 2010, now Pat. No. 8,226,588.

(51) **Int. Cl.**
A41F 5/00 (2006.01)
A61F 5/02 (2006.01)

(52) **U.S. Cl.**
CPC **A41F 5/00** (2013.01); **A61F 5/028** (2013.01)

(58) **Field of Classification Search**
CPC A61F 5/024; A61F 5/026; A61F 5/028;
A61F 5/0009; A61F 5/02; A61F 5/002;

A61F 5/025; A61F 9/0009; A61F 9/02;
A61F 9/002; A61F 9/025; A61F 13/148;
A61F 41/002; A61F 41/025; A44B 11/00;
A44B 11/005; A44B 11/006; Y10T 24/2164;
Y10T 24/4014; Y10T 24/4088; Y10T
24/4093; B60R 22/12; A01K 27/002; A41F
9/005; A61G 7/1051; A62B 35/00
USPC 128/845-846, 875-876, 96.1, 98.1,
128/100.1, 102.1, 106.1, 112.1, 878;
414/921; 2/308, 311-312, 94, 338;
602/19; 5/81.1 T

See application file for complete search history.

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Primary Examiner — Nicholas Woodall

Assistant Examiner — Camtu Nguyen

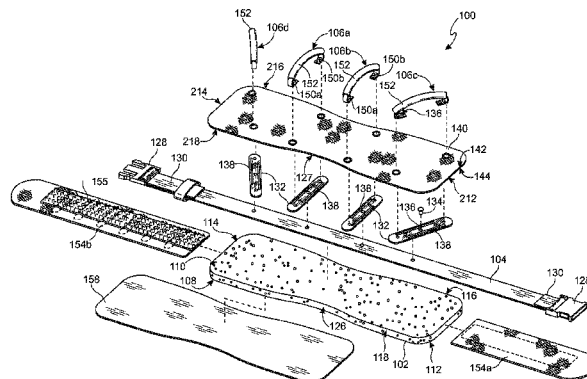
(74) *Attorney, Agent, or Firm* — Cislo & Thomas, LLP

(57)

ABSTRACT

A stabilizing belt for use by a person in need of assisted
mobility or in recreation, the stabilizing belt comprising a
pad, a belt to secure the pad to a wearer, and a pair of handles
attached to the pad. The pad may be uniquely contoured to
provide support and comfort for the wearer. A strap may be
provided for added security and comfort. The belt may
further comprise handle supports for reinforcement, a cover
for durability, and a pocket for versatility.

14 Claims, 6 Drawing Sheets



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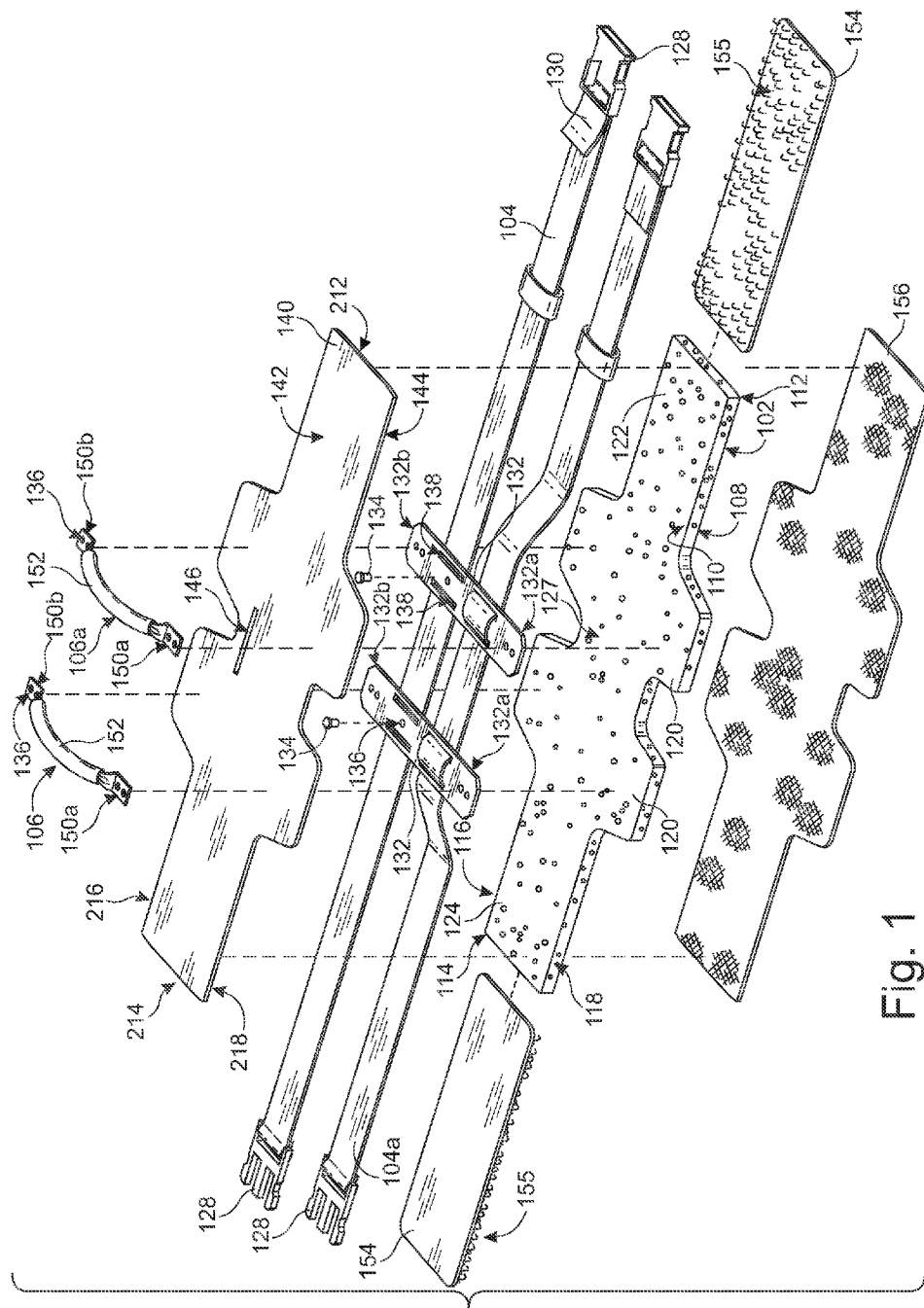
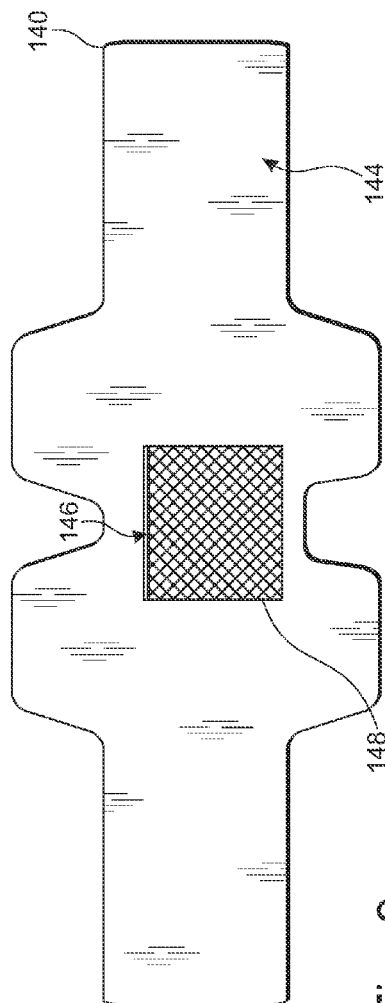
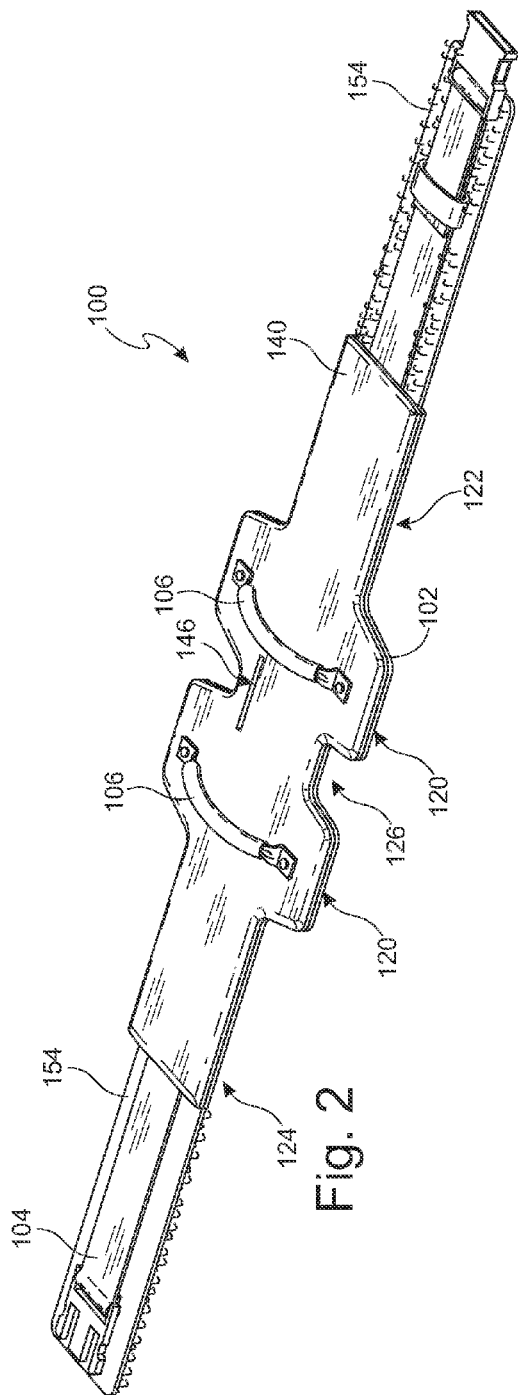


Fig. 1



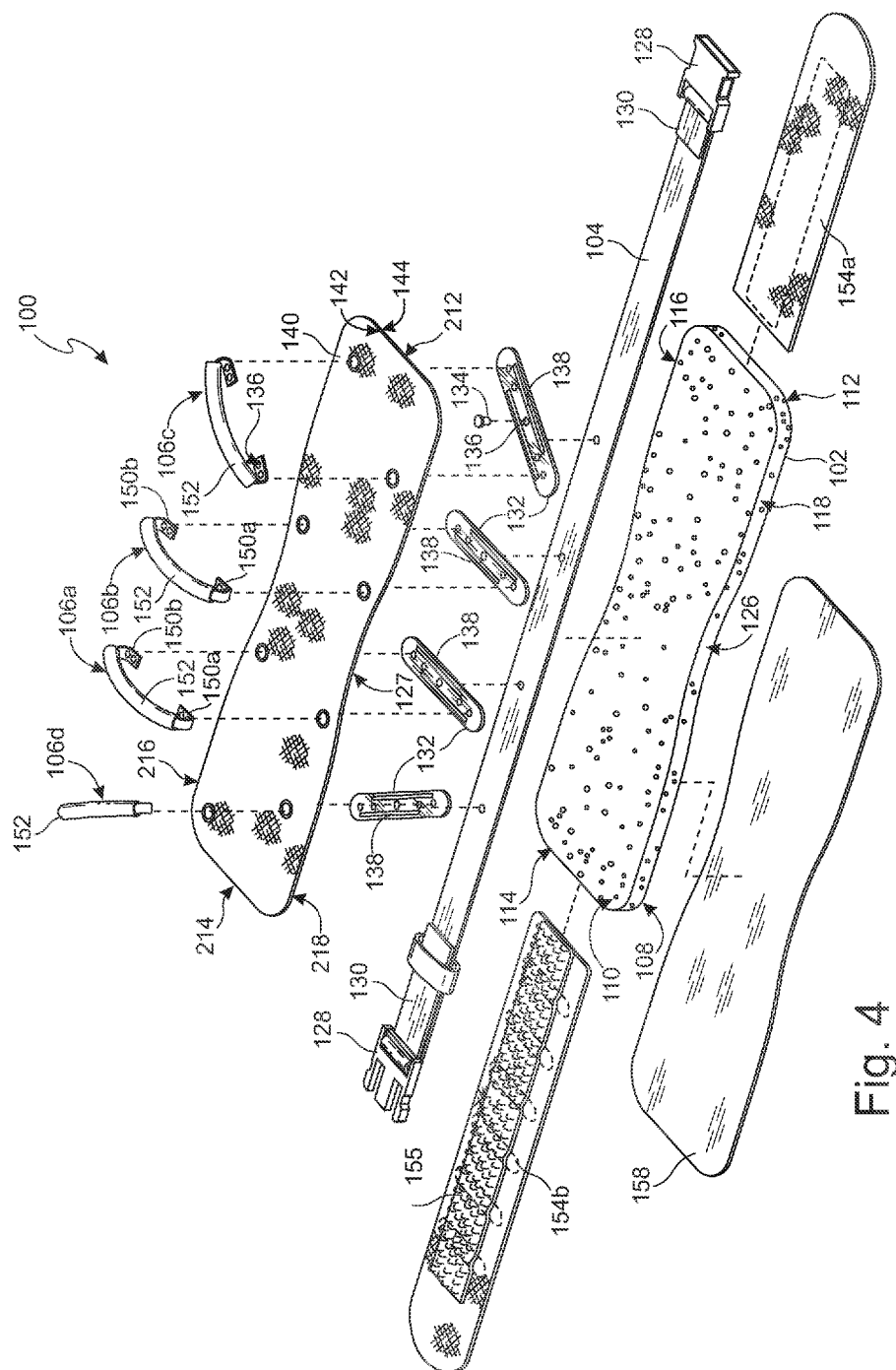


Fig. 4

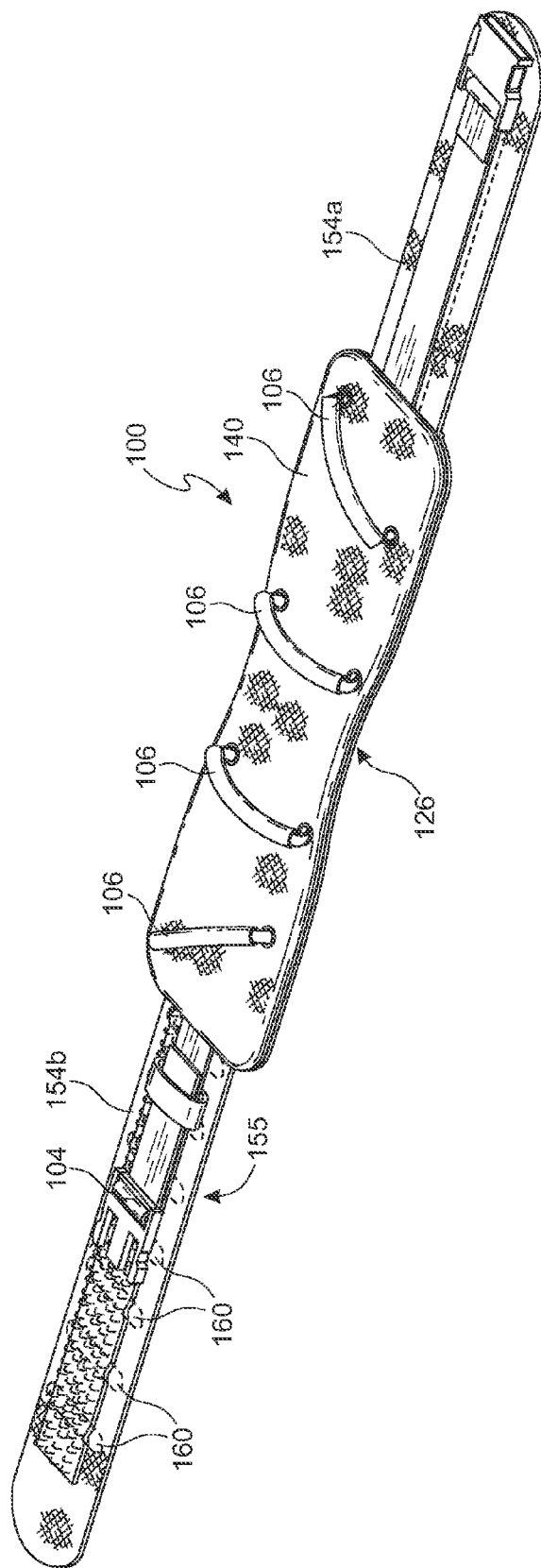


Fig. 5

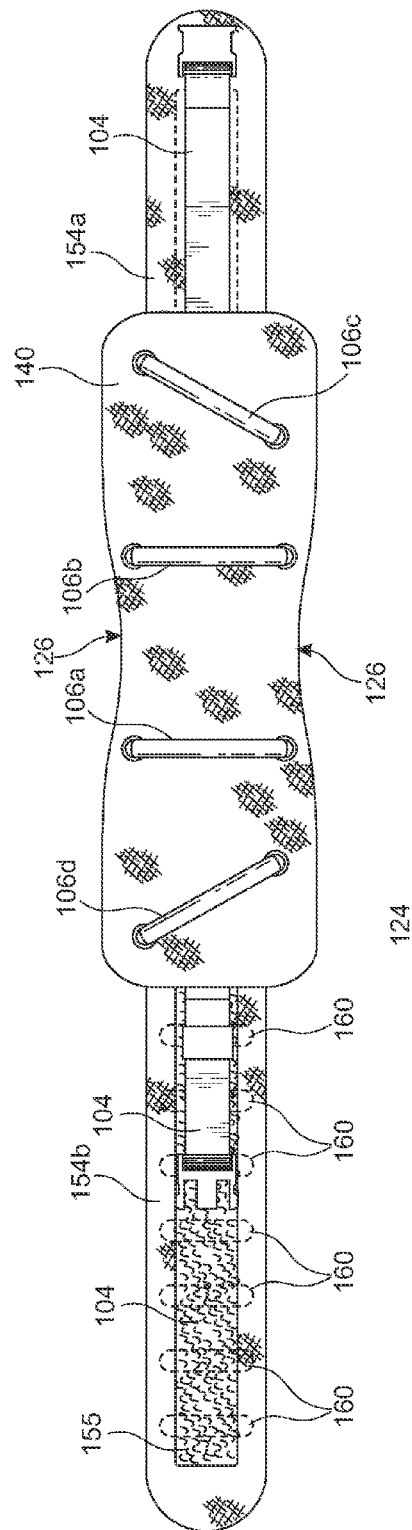


Fig. 6

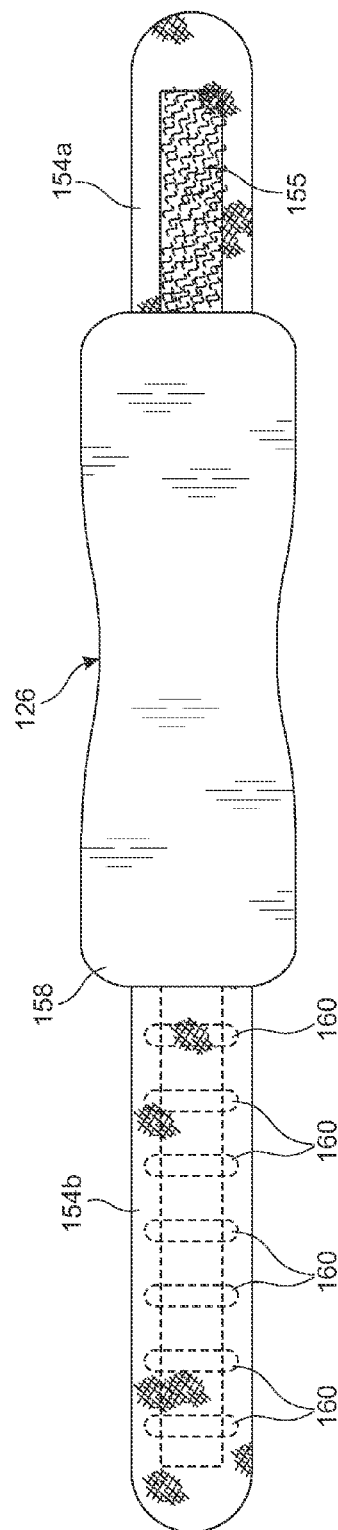


Fig. 7

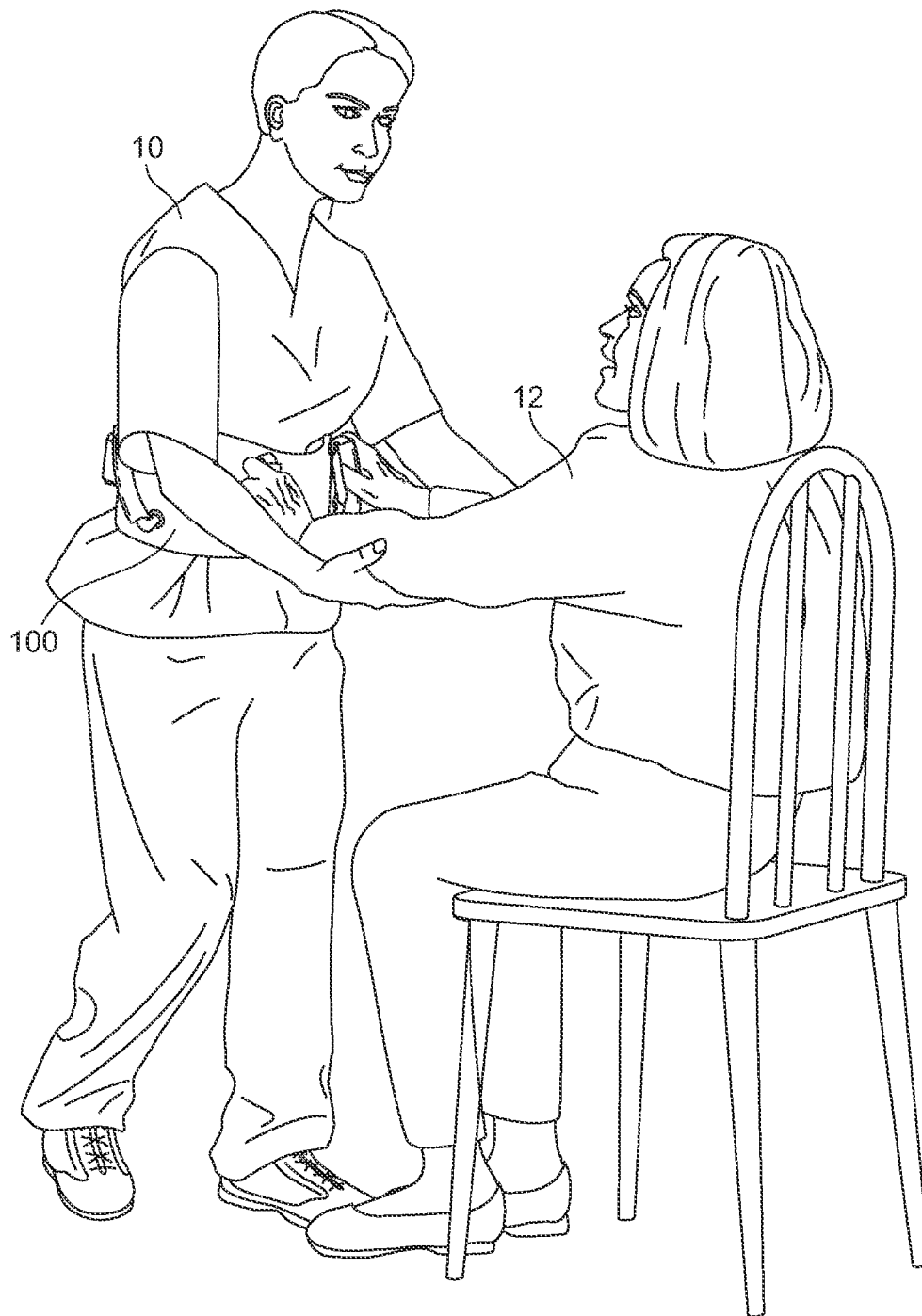


Fig. 8

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STABILIZING BELT

CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATION

This patent application is a continuation-in-part application of U.S. patent application Ser. No. 13/540,502, filed Jul. 2, 2012, now U.S. Pat. No. 8,617,092, which is a continuation of U.S. patent application Ser. No. 12/854,823, filed Aug. 11, 2010, now U.S. Pat. No. 8,211,043, which is a continuation-in-part application of U.S. patent application Ser. No. 12/769,518, filed Apr. 28, 2010, now U.S. Pat. No. 8,226,588, which applications are incorporated in their entirety here by this reference.

TECHNICAL FIELD

This invention relates to a support belt or stabilizing belt.

BACKGROUND

There are various modes of transportation in which two or more people may ride in tandem. For example, riding motorcycles, watercraft vehicles, all-terrain vehicles (ATV), snowmobiles, horseback riding, bicycles, or skiing are circumstances in which two or more people may be riding in tandem. In such situations, the back rider may hold onto the front rider in various uncomfortable and restricting ways to stabilize or balance himself or herself. In addition, current stabilizing belts are too cumbersome and, therefore, lack the versatility to be used across different activity, lack proper lumbar support, and are uncomfortable as the belt dig into the wearer's body.

Other circumstances may require the ability to stabilize the wearer of the belt, such as medical assistance and therapy. These belts also tend to be cumbersome and lack lumbar support. In addition, it is inconvenient, uncomfortable, and problematic to have an individual already in a weakened state to be forced to where a belt or vest so as to be assisted in movement.

For the foregoing reasons there is a need for an improved stabilizing belt that is versatile enough to be used across various activities, provide adequate lumbar support, is comfortable to wear, and easy to use for those requiring assistance for movement.

SUMMARY

The present invention is directed to a stabilizing belt that can be used for a variety of activities, provides adequate lumbar support, is comfortable to wear, and easy to use for those requiring assistance, such as medical assistance. One aspect of the present invention is to provide a stabilizing belt designed to provide adequate lumbar support yet provide flexibility for movement.

Another aspect of the present invention is to provide a stabilizing belt in which the fastening mechanism does not dig into the wearer and cause discomfort.

Another aspect of the present invention is to provide a stabilizing belt that can be used across various activities as opposed to a single activity.

Another aspect of the present invention is to improve the functionality of a stabilizing belt.

Another aspect is to provide assistance to those having difficulty with movements, such as a patient, without requiring the patient to don any additional equipment or device.

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BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF DRAWINGS

FIG. 1 shows an exploded view of an embodiment of the present invention;

FIG. 2 shows a perspective view of an embodiment of the present invention;

FIG. 3 shows an embodiment of the interior side of the cover;

FIG. 4 shows an exploded view of another embodiment of the present invention;

FIG. 5 shows a perspective view of the embodiment shown in FIG. 4 assembled;

FIG. 6 shows a plan view of the exterior side of an embodiment of the present invention;

FIG. 7 shows a plan view of the interior side of an embodiment of the present invention; and

FIG. 8 shows the present invention in use for assisted mobility.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

The detailed description set forth below in connection with the appended drawings is intended as a description of presently-preferred embodiments of the invention and is not intended to represent the only forms in which the present invention may be constructed or utilized. The description sets forth the functions and the sequence of steps for constructing and operating the invention in connection with the illustrated embodiments. It is to be understood, however, that the same or equivalent functions and sequences may be accomplished by different embodiments that are also intended to be encompassed within the spirit and scope of the invention.

With reference to the figures, the present intention is directed towards a stabilizing belt **100** for use, for example, by a pair of riders riding a vehicle, such as a motorcycle or watercraft, in tandem. The stabilizing belt **100** worn by the front rider provides a means for the back rider to stabilize himself or herself during the ride. In other uses, such as for medical assistance, the stabilizing belt **100** may be worn by the patient or the caregiver. In situations in which it is difficult for the patient to don the stabilizing belt **100** the caregiver can don the belt **100** providing the patient with multiple grasping points to find the best leverage.

The stabilizing belt **100** comprises a pad **102**, a belt **104** to wrap around the pad **102** and secure the pad **102** to a wearer, and at least one handle **106** attached to the pad **102**. The pad **102** provides support and comfort for the wearer. The belt **104** allows the pad **102** to be attached to the wearer. The handle **106** provides the means for the back rider, patient, or caregiver to stabilize himself or herself against the wearer.

The pad **102** comprises an interior side **108** that abuts the wearer, and an exterior side **110** opposite the interior side **108**, the interior and exterior sides **108**, **110** defining a first edge **112**, a second edge **114** opposite the first edge **112**, a top edge **116** adjacent to the first and second edges **112**, **114**, and a bottom edge **118** opposite the top edge **116** and adjacent to the first and second edges **112**, **114**. The designation of the top and bottom edges **116**, **118** has been made only for the sake of clarity and ease of discussion. Either edge can serve as the top or bottom depending on how the wearer wears the stabilizing belt.

Also, for the sake of clarity and ease of discussion the distance from the first edge **112** to the second edge **114** will be referred to as the length and the distance from the top

edge **116** to the bottom edge **118** will be referred to as the width. These designations apply to the other features of the present invention, such as the cover, strap, the mesh, and the like.

In some embodiments, the pad **102** may have a simple geometric shape. For example, the pad **102** may be rectangular, trapezoidal, oval, circular and the like. In some embodiments, the top and bottom edges **116**, **118** of the pad **102** are uniquely contoured to provide better support, comfort, and versatility. Therefore, the width of portions of the pad **102** may vary along the length of the pad **102** as shown in FIGS. 1 and 4.

As shown in FIG. 1, in the some embodiments, the pad **102** comprises a lumbar support area **120** and bilateral side support areas **122**, **124** that extend away from the lumbar support area **120** and terminate at the first and second edges **112**, **114**, respectively. The side supports **122**, **124** may extend away from the lumbar support **120** in a uniform fashion, thereby forming a rectangular configuration. In some embodiments, the side supports **122**, **124** may taper as they extend away from the lumbar support **120**, thereby forming a triangular, trapezoidal, or oval configuration. In some embodiments, the width of the side support **122**, **124** may expand rather than taper away from the lumbar support **120**.

The lumbar support **120** occupies the middle portion of the pad **102**. To enhance support given to the lumbar region of the wearer while minimizing weight of the stabilizing belt or discomfort to the wearer, the lumbar support **120** may be wider than the side supports **122**, **124**. In some embodiments, the lumbar support area **120** may be a single enlarged area extending from one side to the other side of the lumbar region of the wearer.

In some embodiments, to further add flexibility without compromising the support, the top and bottom edges **116**, **118** within the lumbar support area **120** may converge toward each other at a central area **126**. The central area **126** is the area that would be positioned along the spine of the wearer. Thus, the width of the central area **126** is less than the width of the lumbar support area **120**. In such an embodiment, the lumbar support area **120** can be described as having two distinguishable or separate lumbar support areas **120**, one for the left side and one for the right side of the wearer.

Due to the difference in width between the lumbar support areas **120** and the central area **126**, the wearer is able to move and twist his or her body more freely as the central region **126** facilitates the twisting movement of the lumbar support areas **120** out of their natural plane.

As shown in FIG. 4, in some embodiments, the pad **102** may be generally rectangular in shape with the top and bottom edges **116**, **118** tapering towards each other at the central area **126** of the pad **102**. Therefore, the width at the central area **126** may be generally smaller than the widths at the first and second edges **112**, **114**. In addition or alternatively, the width at the central area **126** of the pad **102** may be generally smaller than the width of the pad at regions of the lumbar support area **120** laterally adjacent to the central region as shown in FIGS. 1 and 4.

The pad **102** is generally flat and made of a cushion type material. Suitable materials for the pad **102** include foam, rubber, and variations thereof. In some embodiments, the interior side of the lumbar support area **120** may comprise a bulge. In other words, the surface of the interior side **108** on the lumbar support area **120** may be convex to match the curvature of the lumbar region of the spine of the wearer. This provides added support to the wearer.

To secure the pad **102** to the wearer, a belt **104** is provided to wrap around the pad **102** and the wearer. Preferably, since the belt **104** must withstand the pulling of the handles **106** by a second rider, a caregiver, a patient, and the like, the belt **104** should be made from a strong, generally inelastic material. For example, the belt **104** may be made of nylon, leather, canvas, or other sturdy fabrics, or materials that can be made sturdy, in some embodiments, additional belts **104a** may be used to reinforce security and sturdiness.

The belt **104** further comprises a means for securing **128** the pad **102** to the wearer. The securing means **128** may be hook-and-loop fasteners, zippers, buttons, buckles, and the like. The belt **104** further comprises an adjustment strap **130** so that the belt **104** can be tightened or loosened before or after fastening.

In some embodiments, the belt **104** is fastened to the pad **102**, preferably on the exterior side **110**. In other embodiments, the belt **104** remains detached from the pad **102** relying on the frictional forces generated from tightening the belt **104** around the pad **102** for securement.

To improve the sturdiness and securement of the handles **106** to the pad **102**, the handles **106** may be attached to handle supports **132**. Handle supports **132** may be hard, thin sturdy pieces of plastic, metal, wood, composite material, or the like that is fastened to the pad **102** and the belt **104**. In some embodiments, the handle supports **132** may have rounded and beveled edges. The force from pulling, twisting, and tugging of the handles **106** during use gets dispersed throughout the entire handle support **132** thereby minimizing damage to the pad **102**. Otherwise, without the handle support **132**, the force would be localized at the point of connection to the pad **102**, which could easily damage the pad **102**.

In the preferred embodiment, the handle supports **132** are irreversibly fastened to the pad with fasteners, such as by rivets **134**. As such, through-holes **136** may be provided on the handle supports **132** through which a rivet **134** may be inserted to fasten the handle support **132** to the pad **102**. Additional through-holes **136** may also be provided to fasten the handles **106** to the handle support **132**.

Other fastening means may also be used, such as stitching, adhesives, nuts and bolts, and the like. Irreversible fastening refers to fasteners that cannot be removed without noticeably damaging the fastener or the material to which the fastener is fastened. Reversible fasteners may also be used if it provides secure attachment without adding discomfort to the wearer.

Although the handle supports **132** may be attached anywhere on the pad **102**, the preferred position is to attach the handle supports **132** to the lumbar support area **120** as shown in FIG. 2. In some embodiments, as shown in FIG. 4, multiple handles **106a-106d**, and multiple handle supports **132a-132d** may be used. The handles **102a-102d** and handle supports **132a-132d** can be positioned in a number of different strategic locations so as to maximize the function of the belt.

To facilitate the securement of the belt **104** to the pad **102**, each handle support **132** may comprise a pair of elongated slits **138** through which the belt **104** can be interlaced as shown in FIG. 1 (the lower belt **104a**). The slits **138** may be positioned at the opposite lateral edges of the handle support **132**. In such an embodiment, the belt **104** may be attached to the pad **102** via the handle support **132** rather than being directly attached to the pad **102**. Since the belt **104** is not directly fastened to the pad **102**, this also allows the belt **104** to be adjusted to the left or to the right by adjusting the belt **104** through the slit **138**. In embodiments utilizing multiple

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belts **104**, multiple pair of slits **138** can be provided on the handle support **132** accordingly. Alternatively, each belt **104** can have a separate handle support **132**. In some embodiments, to allow the handle support **132** to be used in a vertical manner or at an oblique angle, opposing slits **132a**, **132b** on the same handle support **132** may be offset as shown in FIG. 4.

In some embodiments, the stabilizing belt **100** may further comprise a cover **140** to conceal and protect the underlying components of the stabilizing belt **100**. The cover **140** is similar in shape as the pad **102**; therefore, the cover **140** comprises an exterior side **142** and an interior side **144** opposite the exterior side **142**, the exterior and interior sides defining a first edge **212**, a second edge **214** opposite the first edge **212**, a top edge **216** adjacent to the first and second edges **212**, **214**, a bottom edge **218** adjacent to the first and second edges **212**, **214** and opposite the top edge **216**, and a central region **127** centrally located in between the first and second edges **212**, **214**, wherein the top and bottom edges **216**, **218** define a width of the cover **140**, wherein the width of the cover at the central region **127** is smaller than the width of the cover at a region laterally adjacent to the central region **127**. Therefore, the cover has the same or similar contours as the pad **102**.

The interior side **144** of the cover **140** may be overlaid on top of the handle support **132**, at least a portion of the belt **104**, and the pad **102**. In the preferred embodiment, the cover **140** has substantially the same shape as the pad **102** so as to fully cover the pad **102** while minimizing any excess material. In some embodiments, the cover **140** may completely cover or envelop the pad **102**. In other embodiments, the cover **140** only covers the exterior side **110** of the pad **102**.

In embodiments with a cover **140**, the belt **104** and/or strap **154** may be attached to the cover **140** rather than the pad **102**. In some embodiments, the belt **104** and/or strap **154** may be attached to both the pad **102** and the cover **140**. Therefore, the belt **104** may be attached to the pad **102**, the cover **140**, or both, and the strap **154** may be attached to the pad **102**, the cover **140**, or both, or any combination thereof can be used.

In some embodiments, the cover **140** comprises a slit **146**. On the interior side **144** of the cover **140** adjacent to the slit **146** may be a pouch **148**. For example, if the slit **146** is a horizontal slit, a pouch **148** may be positioned just below the slit **146** so that the slit **146** and pouch **148** can function as a pocket. A user can insert various items through the slit **146** into the pouch **148**.

The cover **140** may be made from any durable material, such as rubber, nylon, leather, canvas and other fabric material. In some embodiments, the cover **140** may be water proof or water resistant to keep the pad **102** dry for water sport activities.

The handles **106** may be attached through the exterior surface **142** of the cover **140** to the handle supports **132**. Handle supports **132** may be made from hard, sturdy material such as metal, plastic, wood, and the like. The end portions **150a**, **150b** of the handles **106** can be riveted through the cover **140** onto the handle support **132** for secure attachment. In addition, the end portions **150a**, **150b** may be double stitched to the cover **140**. The grip portion **152** of the handle **106** may be covered with foam or rubber to provide a comfortable grip.

In some embodiments, the handles **106** may be reversibly fastened to the handle supports **132**. Utilizing reversible fasteners provides a means for adjusting the orientation or placement of the handles. By way of example only, the two

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handle supports **132** may be arranged parallel to each other a specified distance apart. Each handle **106** may be secured parallel to one handle support **132**, thereby having a vertical orientation when the stabilizing belt **100** is worn. This allows the rear user to grasp the handles with his palms facing toward each other. To rearrange the orientation of the handles **106**, the user can remove the fastener and re-fasten the handles **106** in a horizontal orientation, perpendicular to the handle supports **132** by fastening one of the end portions **150a** of the first handle **106** to one end **132a** of the first handle support **132** and the second end **150b** of the first handle **106** to the same end **132a** of the second handle support **132**. The second handle **106a** can be similarly fastened to the opposite end **132b** of both handle supports **132**. This allows the user to utilize a palm up or palm down grip.

In some embodiments, the handles **106**, **106a** and handle supports **132** may be configured to provide a means for adjusting the placement or orientation of the handle without having to disassemble the stabilizing belt. For example, the handle support **132** may be frame-shaped or be a single rectangular or square plate having slits and/or a plurality of holes. The ends **150a**, **150b** of the handles **106** may have retractable pins that can be retracted by the push of a button on the handles **106**, **106a**. In the retracted configuration, the handles may be free to slide along the slits and positioned at different holes. Release of the button allows the pins to engage the holes so as to be locked in place. This allows the user to change the distance between the handles **106**, **106a** or change the orientation and placement of the handles **106**, **106a**. In such an embodiment, the cover would also comprise slits or openings to allow the handles **106**, **106a** to move to a different position. Reversible fasteners that can be used in this embodiment include, but are not limited to nuts and bolts, magnets, suction cups, clips, spring loaded pins, bayonet-style connectors, mounts, and the like. In these embodiments, care should be taken so that the handles **106** do not slip out from the handle support **132** during use.

In some embodiments, the stabilizing belt **100** may comprise a plurality of handles **106a-106d** arranged in various configurations so as to provide the option of a variety of different grip positions without having to make any adjustments as shown in FIGS. 4 and 5. In addition, having a plurality of handles **106a-106d** allows the user to change his or her grip instantly at any time. Handles **106a-106d** may be arranged in a variety of positions, such as vertically, horizontally, at any oblique angle therebetween, and any combination thereof. Reference to the orientation of the handles is with respect to the wearer standing upright and the stabilizing belt being worn as intended. Each handle **106a-106d** may have associated with it a handle support **132**.

In another example, the stabilizing belt **100** may comprise four handles **106** arranged in a square or rectangular orientation. For example, a pair of horizontally oriented handles may be positioned at opposite ends of the vertically oriented handles **106**.

In some embodiments, to facilitate securement of the pad **102** to the wearer, a strap **154** may extend out from each of the first and second edges **112**, **114** of the pad **102**. Preferably, the strap **154** may be an elastic material or partially elastic material comprising a fastening means **155** so that the pad **102** and strap **154** can be wrapped around the wearer's body and fastened in the front, rear, or sides. For example, the strap **154** may comprise a fastening means **155**, such as hook-and-loop fasteners, zippers, buttons, buckles, and the like. In some embodiments, the strap **154** may be a two piece strap, with the first piece **154a** extending from the first edge

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112 and the second piece 154b extending from the second edge 114. In some embodiments, the first and second pieces 154a, 154b may be attached to their respective edges 112, 114. In some embodiments, the strap 154 may be one continuous piece that overlaps the entire pad 102. The one piece strap may be fastened to the pad 102. This allows the pad 102 to remain in place while the belt 104 securely fastens the pad 102 to the wearer.

The strap 154 also serves as an interface between the belt 104 and the wearer. This prevents the belt 104 from uncomfortably digging into the wearer's skin when the belt 104 is tightened around the wearer. To accommodate this function, the width of the strap 154 may be greater than the width of the belt 104. In embodiments comprising multiple belts 104 the width of the elastic strap 154 may be greater than the combined width of all of the belts and the spaces therebetween.

In embodiments having a two piece strap, as shown in 4, the first strap piece 154a may be elastic and the second strap piece 154b may be made of an inelastic fabric. The inelastic fabric material provides additional comfort and protection from the belt 104. The first strap piece 154a and the second strap piece 154b may have fastening means 155 to fasten the first strap piece 154a to the second strap piece 154b. For example, the first and second strap pieces may comprise hook-and-loop fasteners to fasten to each other. In some embodiments, the fastening means 155 of the second strap piece 154b may be overlaid on top of the second strap piece 154b.

In some embodiments, the second strap piece 154b may comprise a series of lumbar supports 160 secured to the second strap piece 154b. These lumbar supports 160 may be elongated strips of a relatively rigid material, such as plastic, wood, metal, and the like. In this embodiment, the pad 102 is worn on the front and the second strap piece 154b wraps around the back at the lumbar region and fastens to the first strap piece 154a. When the stabilizing belt 100 is pulled by the handles 106, the second strap piece 154b does not fold or collapse, but rather, remains firm, thereby providing more comfort and support to the wearer.

In some embodiments, the stabilizing belt 100 further comprises a breathable fabric 156 attached to the interior side 108 of the pad 102. For example, the breathable fabric 156 may be mesh or some other type of lining to provide comfort when the stabilizing belt 100 is worn by the wearer, particularly when worn without clothes.

In some embodiments, as shown in FIG. 4, in addition to or in lieu of the breathable fabric 156, the stabilizing belt 100 may further comprise a rubberized material 158 as the final layer below the pad 102.

Having disclosed the various features of the present invention, many different variations can be designed by the various combinations of features without departing from the scope of the present invention.

For example, in some embodiments, the pad 102 may be omitted. Although this may decrease comfort, it may also allow for a lower manufacturing cost. In such an embodiment, the cover 140 would essentially function like the pad 102. Therefore, any belt 104, strap 154, handle 106, and handle support 132 would have been attached to the pad 102 could be attached to the cover 140. Even in embodiments with the pad 102, any belt 104, strap 154, handle 106, and handle support 132 could be attached to the cover 140, or any combination of attachments to the cover 140 and pad 102.

Due to the unique design of the stabilizing belt 100, a single belt can be used for various activities. Some stabi-

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lizing belts utilize an entire chest harness. Although suitable for watercraft activities, these may be too cumbersome for other activities. The stabilizing belt 100 of the present invention can be used for motorcycle or bicycle riding, watercraft sports, ATV's, snowmobiles, horseback riding, skiing, hiking, walking, sexual activity, medical assistance, therapy, and more. "In addition, the stabilizing belt 100 can be configured to carry animals such as dogs, cats, and other animals."

When used for medical assistance, the stabilizing belt 100 may be worn either by the patient (or person requiring assisted mobility) 12 or the caregiver 10. When worn by the caregiver 10, the patient 12 is able to grasp any of the various handles 106a-106d that is most comfortable to the patient 12 and provides the best leverage as shown in FIG. 8. In the meanwhile, the caregiver 10 still has his hands free to utilize them however he wishes.

In some uses, the patient can wear the stabilizing belt 100 and allow the caregiver 10 to lift the patient 12 by any of the handles 106a-106d. In some uses, both the patient 12 and the caregiver 10 can wear the stabilizing belt 100 maximizing the option of having the caregiver hold on to the patient, the patient hold on to the caregiver, or both.

The foregoing description of the preferred embodiment of the invention has been presented for the purposes of illustration and description. It is not intended to be exhaustive or to limit the invention to the precise form disclosed. Many modifications and variations are possible in light of the above teaching. It is intended that the scope of the invention not be limited by this detailed description, but by the claims and the equivalents to the claims appended hereto.

What is claimed is:

1. A stabilizing belt, comprising:

a. a pad, comprising:

i. a first side;

ii. a second side opposite the first side;

iii. the first and second sides defining a first edge, a second edge opposite the first edge, a top edge adjacent to the first and second edges, a bottom edge adjacent to the first and second edges and opposite the top edge, the top and bottom edges defining a first width at the first edge and the top and bottom edges defining a second width at the second edge; and

iv. a central region centrally located in between the first and second edges, wherein the top and bottom edges at the central region define a third width, wherein the third width as a whole is smaller than the first and second widths;

b. a belt extending out from at least the first edge of the pad, the belt comprising a fastening systems to secure the pad to a wearer;

c. handles protruding out from the second side of the pad, each handle having a first end and a second end, the first and second ends attached to the second side of the pad; and

d. handle supports, one handle support attaching one handle to the pad with an irreversible fastener, wherein each handle support comprises a pair of elongated slits through which the belt can be interlaced, wherein each slit of the pair of elongated slits is offset from each other.

2. The stabilizing belt of claim 1, further comprising a cover having an exterior side and an interior side, wherein the interior side of the cover is overlaid onto the pad.

3. The stabilizing belt of claim 2, wherein the cover comprises a pocket.

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4. The stabilizing belt of claim 1, further comprising a strap extending from at least the first edge or the second edge of the pad, the strap comprising a fastener.

5. The stabilizing belt of claim 4, wherein a portion of the strap is elastic.

6. The stabilizing belt of claim 4, further comprising a plurality of lumbar support members intermittently spaced apart and attached along the strap.

7. The stabilizing belt of claim 1, further comprising a strap extending from at least the first edge or the second edge of the pad, the strap comprising a fastener, wherein at least a portion of the strap is elastic.

8. The stabilizing belt of claim 7, further comprising a cover having an exterior side and an interior side, wherein the interior side of the cover is overlaid onto the pad.

9. The stabilizing belt of claim 8, wherein the cover comprises a pocket.

10. The stabilizing belt of claim 9, further comprising a plurality of lumbar support members intermittently spaced apart and embedded within the strap.

11. A stabilizing belt, comprising:

a. a cover comprising:

i. an interior side;

ii. an exterior side opposite the interior side;

iii. the interior and exterior sides defining a first edge, a second edge opposite the first edge, a top edge adjacent to the first and second edges, a bottom edge adjacent to the first and second edges and opposite the top edge; and

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iv. a central region centrally located in between the first and second edges, wherein the top and bottom edges define a width of the cover, wherein the width of the cover at the central region as a whole is smaller than the width of the cover at a region laterally adjacent to the central region;

b. a belt extending out from at least the first edge of the cover, the belt comprising a fastening system to secure the cover to a wearer;

c. handles protruding through the exterior side of the cover, each handle having a first end and a second end, the first and second ends of the handle attached to the cover; and

d. handle supports, one handle support attaching one handle to the cover with an irreversible fastener, wherein each handle support comprises a pair of elongated slits through which the belt can be interlaced, wherein each slit of the pair of elongated slits is offset from each other.

12. The stabilizing belt of claim 11, wherein the cover comprises a pocket.

13. The stabilizing belt of claim 11, further comprising a strap extending from at least the first edge of the cover, the strap comprising a fastener.

14. The stabilizing belt of claim 13, wherein the strap is elastic.

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